

# Noromectin<sup>®</sup> PLUS

Injection for Cattle

1% w/v ivermectin and 10% w/v clorsulon in a sterile solution



## THE BENEFITS OF IVERMECTIN PLUS FLUKE CONTROL

### A Broader Spectrum of Activity.

Noromectin Plus Injection is an ivermectin/clorsulon-based parasiticide for the effective treatment of a wide range of internal and external parasites of beef and non-lactating dairy cattle. **Noromectin Plus offers all the benefits of ivermectin plus control of adult liver flukes.**

### Internal Parasites

	Adults	L <sub>4</sub>	Inhibited Stage
<b>Gastrointestinal Roundworms</b>			
<i>Ostertagia ostertagi</i>	•	•	•
<i>O. lyrata</i>	•	•	
<i>Haemonchus placei</i>	•	•	
<i>Trichostrongylus axei</i>	•	•	
<i>T. colubriformis</i>	•	•	
<i>Cooperia oncophora</i>	•	•	
<i>C. punctata</i>	•	•	
<i>C. pectinata</i>	•	•	
<i>Bunostomum phlebotomum</i>	•	•	
<i>Nematodirus helvetianus</i>	•	•	
<i>N. spathiger</i>	•	•	
<i>Oesophagostomum radiatum</i>	•	•	
<b>Lungworms</b>			
<i>Dictyocaulus viviparus</i>	•	•	
<b>Liver Flukes</b>			
<i>Fasciola hepatica</i>	•		

### External Parasites

#### Cattle Grubs (parasitic stages)

*Hypoderma bovis*  
*H. lineatum*

#### Sucking Lice

*Linognathus vituli*

*Haematopinus eurysternus*

*Solenopotes capillatus*

#### Mange Mites (cattle scab\*)

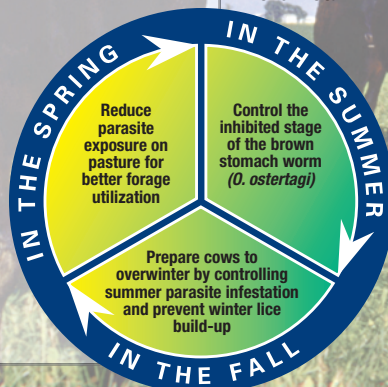
*Psoroptes ovis* (syn. *P. communis* var. *bovis*)  
*Sarcoptes scabiei* var. *bovis*

### Noromectin Plus Injection offers your customers:

- All the benefits of an ivermectin injection, plus control of adult liver flukes with a single injection
- Parasite control including liver flukes, gastrointestinal roundworms, lungworms, grubs, sucking lice and mange mites
- Reliable, long-lasting control, which improves performance benefits
- Proven, effective infection control and protection from reinfection
- No effect on breeding performance when used at the recommended dosage
- Packaging enclosed in display carton for protection from dust and sunlight
- Four convenient, ready-to-use pack sizes of 50 mL, 100 mL, 250 mL and 500 mL
- Uncompromising quality control from Norbrook Laboratories – a worldwide leader in animal health
- A competitively priced solution

### Recommend Strategic Parasite Control for Herd Protection and Profitability.

The economics of new Noromectin Plus Injection allow cow/calf and stocker operations to treat multiple times per year for improved herd health.



Disclaimer: Ivermectin has been approved as a scabicide by USDA/APHIS. Federal regulations require that cattle infested with or exposed to scabies (i.e., infestations with *Psoroptes ovis*) be treated. Ivermectin when used according to label instructions meets this requirement. Treated cattle may be shipped interstate, but they must not be mixed with other cattle for 14 days following treatment. The federal regulations make no restriction on the movement of cattle not affected with or exposed to scabies. However, individual states have additional regulations to govern the interstate shipment of cattle and the regulatory veterinarian in the state of destination should be consulted for applicable regulations on the use of ivermectin in the control of scabies.

**NOROMECTIN® Plus**  
**Injection for Cattle**  
**1% w/v ivermectin and 10% w/v clorsulon in a sterile solution**  
**ANADA 200-436, Approved by the FDA**

**Parasiticide**

Consult your veterinarian for assistance in the diagnosis, treatment and control of parasitism.

**Introduction**

Noromectin Plus (ivermectin and clorsulon) offers all the benefits of an ivermectin injection plus control of adult *Fasciola hepatica*.

The dosage level of clorsulon supplied by Noromectin Plus is effective only against adult liver flukes.

**Mode of Action**

Ivermectin is a member of the macrocyclic lactone class of endectocides which have a unique mode of action. Compounds of the class bind selectively and with high affinity to glutamate-gated chloride ion channels which occur in invertebrate nerve and muscle cells. This leads to an increase in the permeability of the cell membrane to chloride ions with hyperpolarization of the nerve or muscle cell, resulting in paralysis and death of the parasite. Compounds of this class may also interact with other ligand-gated chloride channels, such as those gated by the neurotransmitter gamma-aminobutyric acid (GABA).

The margin of safety for compounds of this class is attributable to the fact that mammals do not have glutamate-gated chloride channels, the macrocyclic lactones have a low affinity for other mammalian ligand-gated chloride channels and they do not readily cross the blood-brain barrier.

Clorsulon is rapidly absorbed into the circulating blood. Erythrocytes with bound drug as well as plasma are ingested by *Fasciola hepatica*. Adult *Fasciola hepatica* are killed by clorsulon because of inhibition of enzymes in the glycolytic pathway, which is their primary source of energy.

**Indications**

Noromectin Plus Injection applied at the recommended dose level of 200 mcg ivermectin/kg and 2 mg clorsulon/kg is indicated for the effective treatment and control of these parasites.

**Gastrointestinal Roundworms (adults and fourth-stage larvae)**

*Ostertagia ostertagi* (including inhibited *O. ostertagi*)  
*O. lyrata*  
*Haemonchus placei*  
*Trichostrongylus axei*  
*T. colubriformis*  
*Cooperia oncophora*  
*C. punctata*  
*C. pectinata*  
*Bunostomum phlebotomum*  
*Nematodirus helvetianus* (adults only)  
*N. spathiger* (adults only)  
*Oesophagostomum radiatum*

**Lungworms (adults and fourth-stage larvae)**

*Dictyocaulus viviparus*

**Liver Flukes**

*Fasciola hepatica* (adults only)

**Cattle Grubs (parasitic stages)**

*Hypoderma bovis*

*H. lineatum*

**Sucking Lice**

*Linognathus vituli*

*Haematopinus eurysternus*

*Solenopotes capillatus*

**Mange Mites (cattle scab\*)**

*Psoroptes ovis* (syn. *P. communis* var. *bovis*)

*Sarcoptes scabiei* var. *bovis*

**PERSISTENT ACTIVITY**

Ivermectin and clorsulon injection has been proved to effectively control infections and to protect cattle from reinfection with *Dictyocaulus viviparus* and *Oesophagostomum radiatum* for 28 days after treatment; *Ostertagia ostertagi*, *Trichostrongylus axei* and *Cooperia punctata* for 21 days after treatment; *Haemonchus placei* and *Cooperia oncophora* for 14 days after treatment.

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**Dosage**

Noromectin Plus should be given only by subcutaneous injection at a dose volume of 1 mL per 110 lb (50 kg) body weight. This volume will deliver 10 mg ivermectin and 100 mg clorsulon. For example:

Body Weight (lb)	Dose Volume (mL)
220	2
330	3
440	4
550	5
660	6
770	7
880	8
990	9
1100	10

**Administration**

Noromectin Plus (ivermectin and clorsulon) Injection is to be given subcutaneously only. Animals should be appropriately restrained to achieve the proper route of administration. Use of a 16-gauge, ½ to ¾ inch sterile needle is recommended. Inject the solution subcutaneously (under the skin) behind the shoulder.

Any single-dose syringe or standard automatic syringe equipment may be used with the 50 mL or 100 mL pack size. When using the 250 mL or 500 mL pack size, use only automatic syringe equipment.

When using the 250 or 500 mL pack size, use only automatic syringe equipment. Use sterile equipment and sanitize the injection site by applying a suitable disinfectant. Clean, properly disinfected needles should be used to reduce the potential for injection site infections. No special handling or protective clothing is necessary.

The viscosity of the product increases in cool temperatures. Administering Noromectin Plus at temperatures of 5 degrees C (41 degrees F) or below may be difficult. Users can make dosing easier by warming both the product and injection equipment to about 15 degrees C (59 degrees F).

**Animal Safety**

In breeding animals (bulls and cows), ivermectin and clorsulon used at the recommended level had no effect on breeding performance.

**WARNING! NOT FOR USE IN HUMANS**  
**Keep this and all drugs out of the reach of children.**

The Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS) contains more detailed occupational safety information. To report adverse effects, obtain an MSDS or for assistance, contact Norbrook, Inc. at 1-913-599-5777.

**RESIDUE INFORMATION: Do not treat cattle within 49 days of slaughter. Because a withdrawal time in milk has not been established, do not use in female dairy cattle of breeding age. A withdrawal period has not been established for this product in pre-ruminating calves. Do not use in calves to be processed for veal.**

**PRECAUTIONS**

Transitory discomfort has been observed in some cattle following subcutaneous administration. Soft tissue swelling at the injection site has been observed. These reactions have disappeared without treatment. Divide doses greater than 10 mL between two injection sites to reduce occasional discomfort or site reaction. Different injection sites should be used for other parenteral products.

Noromectin Plus Injection has been developed specifically for use in cattle **only**. This product should not be used in other animal species as severe adverse reactions, including fatalities in dogs may result.

For subcutaneous injection in cattle **only**. This product is not for intravenous or intramuscular use.

**When to Treat Cattle with Grubs**

Noromectin Plus effectively controls all stages of cattle grubs. However, proper timing of treatment is important. For most effective results, cattle should be treated as soon as possible after the end of the heel fly (warble fly) season. Destruction of *Hypoderma* larvae (cattle grubs) at the period when these grubs are in vital areas may cause undesirable host-parasite reactions including the possibility of fatalities. Killing *Hypoderma lineatum* when it is in the tissue surrounding the esophagus (gullet) may cause salivation and bloat; killing *H. bovis* when it is in the vertebral canal may cause staggering or paralysis. These reactions are not specific to treatment with Noromectin Plus, but can occur with any successful treatment of grubs. Cattle should be treated either before or after these stages of grub development. Consult your veterinarian concerning the proper time for treatment.

Cattle treated with Noromectin Plus after the end of the heel fly season may be retreated with ivermectin during the winter for internal parasites, mange mites, or sucking lice without danger of grub-related reactions. A planned parasite control program is recommended.

**Storage**

Protect product from light. Store at 15° to 30° C (59° to 86° F).

**Environmental Safety**

Studies indicate that when ivermectin comes in contact with soil, it readily and tightly binds to the soil and becomes inactive over time. Free ivermectin may adversely affect fish and certain aquatic organisms. Do not permit water runoff from feedlots to enter lakes, streams, or ponds. Do not contaminate water by direct application or by improper disposal of drug containers. Dispose of containers in an approved landfill or by incineration.

As with other avermectins, ivermectin is excreted in the dung of treated animals and can inhibit the reproduction and growth of pest and beneficial insects that use dung as a source of food and for reproduction. The magnitude and duration of such effects are species and life-cycle specific. When used according to label directions, the product is not expected to have an adverse impact on populations of dung-dependent insects.

**How Supplied**

Noromectin Plus Injection is available in four ready-to-use pack sizes:

The 50 mL pack is a multiple-dose, rubber-capped bottle. Each bottle contains sufficient solution to treat 10 head of 550 lb (250 kg) cattle.

The 100 mL pack is a multiple-dose, rubber-capped bottle. Each bottle contains sufficient solution to treat 20 head of 550 lb (250 kg) cattle.

The 250 mL pack is a multiple-dose, rubber-capped bottle designed for use with automatic syringe equipment. Each bottle contains sufficient solution to treat 50 head of 550 lb (250 kg) cattle.

The 500 mL pack is a multiple-dose, rubber-capped bottle designed for use with automatic syringe equipment. Each bottle contains sufficient solution to treat 100 head of 550 lb (250 kg) cattle.

Made in the UK.  
 Manufactured by: Norbrook Laboratories Limited, Newry, Co. Down, Northern Ireland.  
 Distributed by: Norbrook, Inc., 9733 Loiret Blvd, Lenexa, KS 66219



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**Refer to package insert for full disclosure.**